MINA'BENTE OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2005 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 154 (EC)

Introduced by:

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L.A. Leon Guerrero

AN ACT TO ADMIT THE PRACTICE OF NATUROPATHY BY AMENDING SECTION 12101(b), ADDING A NEW SUBSECTION 12101(y) AND A NEW ARTICLE 9 TO CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings and Intent. *I Liheslaturan Guahan*finds that as the number of new diseases and the cost of health care
continue to rise on Guam, as well as around the nation, individuals are
constantly looking towards alternative methods of treatment and care
for their health problems.

One of the steps that individuals are taking is the science of Naturopathic medicine. This practice of Naturopathic medicine is one of the fastest rising forms of treatment in America today. Presently, twelve states recognize and allow the practice of Naturopathic medicine. These states include Alaska, Arizona, Connecticut, Hawaii, Kansas, Maine, Montana, New Hampshire, Utah, Vermont, Washington D.C. and Washington. Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin islands have also

- 1 enacted laws enabling the practice of Naturopathic medicine in their
- 2 islands.
- 3 The licensing of certified practitioners in Naturopathic medicine is
- 4 regulated by the American Association of Naturopathic Physicians
- 5 (AANP) which was founded in 1986. The American Naturopathic
- 6 Medical Association (ANMA), founded in 1981, represents
- 7 approximately 2,000 practicing professionals in the field of Naturopathic
- 8 medicine. These organizations, together with the Alliance for the State
- 9 Licensing of Naturopathic Physicians, have continued monitoring and
- 10 pressing for the licensure of Naturopathic medicine in all 50 states.
- 11 Licensing of this profession is needed to protect the general population
- 12 and to create accountability created by law, which affirms that the
- 13 people who are licensed are under the scrutiny of the examiners whose
- 14 purpose is to protect the public by maintaining professional standards.
- 15 It is the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guahan* to make available significant
- 16 reduction in health care cost by authorizing the practice of Naturopathic
- 17 medicine, plus provide standards of quality of care which would
- 18 adequately protect the public health and safety and the general welfare
- 19 of the patient.
- Section 2. A new Article 9 is hereby *added* to Chapter 12 of Title
- 21 10, Guam Code Annotated, to read as follows:
- 22 "Article 9. Naturopathy Act.
- 23 **§12901**. Definitions.
- 24 §12902. Licensing application; fees.
- 25 §12903. Education requirements.

- 1 §12904. License requirements.
- 2 §12905. Penalty.

- 3 §12906. Remedies or penalties cumulative.
- 4 §12908. Discipline; grounds; proceedings; hearings.
- **§12901. Definitions.** As used in this Chapter:
- 6 (a) "Board" means the Guam Board of Allied Health Examiners.
- (b) "Diagnosis" means using all recognized and accepted physical
 and laboratory diagnostic procedures including the taking of blood for
 diagnostic purposes.
- 10 (c) "Homeopathic" means minute doses of natural medicine.
 - (d) "Natural medicine" encompasses substances of botanical, mineral, and animal origin, homeopathic preparations thereof, and substances whose natural state has been improved by any process that does not substantially alter the molecular structure found in nature, including vitamins, minerals, and amino acids; excluding prescription drugs, with the following exceptions: vitamins, minerals, amino acids, and fatty acids.
 - (e) "Naturopathic physician" means a person who holds a current license issued under this chapter to practice naturopathy.
 - (f) "Naturopathy" means the practice of:
 - (1) Natural medicine, natural therapeutics, and natural procedures, for the purpose of removing toxic conditions from the body and improving the quality, quantity, harmony, balance, and flow of the vital fluids, vital tissues, and vital energy; and (2)Diagnosing, treating, and caring for patients using a

system of practice that bases its treatment of physiological functions and abnormal conditions on natural laws governing the human body; utilizing physiological, psychological, and mechanical methods, such as air, water, light, sunshine, heat and cold, earth, phytotherapy, physiotherapy, mechano-therapy, naturopathic corrections and manipulation, and natural methods or modalities, together with natural or homeopathic medicines, natural foods, and herbs, and nature's remedies of the type taught in education and training at naturopathic medical colleges. The practice of naturopathy excludes surgery, application of x-rays, and prescribing, dispensing, or using prescription drugs except as provided for in the definition of natural medicine.

§12902. Licensing application; fees.

- (a) Any person desiring to practice naturopathy shall be licensed under this chapter. To obtain a license under this chapter, a person shall submit a completed application prescribed by the Board, provide the information required under this chapter, rules of the Board, and other applicable laws and rules, and pay a nonrefundable application fee and other fees provided in rules adopted by the Board.
- (b) To qualify for licensure, an applicant shall have met the education and other requirements prescribed by this chapter, the rules of the Board, and other applicable laws and rules.
- §12903. Education requirements. Each applicant shall be a graduate of a school, university, or college of naturopathy that has received candidacy status with, or has been accredited by, a regional or

- 1 a national accrediting body recognized by the United States Department
- 2 of Education; provided that any applicant who graduated from a college
- 3 of naturopathy shall be deemed qualified if the college was approved by
- 4 the Board and has been accredited by a regional or national accrediting
- 5 body recognized by the United States Department of Education.

- **§12904. License requirements.** In order to receive a license to practice naturopathy in this territory, an applicant must:
 - (1) Provide proof of satisfactory completion of a course of study of at least five hundred (500) hours duration in a school of naturopathy approved by the Board or by a nationally recognized association of professionals trained in naturopathy, which course of study contains the underlying principles of anatomy, physiology, and other subjects as are regularly included in the curriculum of a school so approved.
 - (2) Provide proof of membership in a state or nationally chartered organization devoted to the support and development of the practice of naturopathy, or provide proof of ability to qualify for membership in such organization.
 - (\$550.00) and complete all the other requirements of this ordinance.
 - **§12905. Penalty.** Any person except a licensed naturopathic physician who practices, attempts to practice, or advertises the practice of naturopathy, or any person who buys, sells, or fraudulently obtains any diploma or license to practice naturopathy whether recorded or not,

1	or any person who uses the title "natureopath", "naturopath", or "N.D",
2	or any word or title to induce the belief that the person is engaged in the
3	practice of naturopathy without complying with this chapter, or any
4	person who violates this chapter, shall be fined a sum of not less than
5	\$500 nor more than \$10,000 for each violation, which sum shall be
6	collected in a civil action brought by the attorney general or the
7	commission.
8	§12906. Remedies or penalties cumulative. Unless otherwise
9	expressly provided, the remedies or penalties provided by this chapter
10	are cumulative to each other and to the remedies or penalties available
11	under all other laws of Guam.
12	§12907. Discipline; grounds; proceedings; hearings.
13	(a) In addition to any other actions authorized by law, the board

(a) In addition to any other actions authorized by law, the board shall have the power to deny, revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew any license to practice naturopathy applied for or issued by the commission in accordance with this chapter, and to fine or otherwise discipline a licensee for any cause authorized by law, including but not limited to the following:

- 19 (1) Procuring, or aiding or abetting in procuring, a criminal abortion;
 - (2) Employing any person to solicit patients;
- 22 (3) Obtaining a fee on the assurance that a manifestly incurable disease can be permanently cured;
 - (4) Betraying a patient's confidence;

1 (5)Making any untruthful and improbable statement in 2 advertising one's naturopathic practice or business."

Section 3. Section 12101(b) of Article 1 of Chapter 12 of Division 1 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read as follows:

- "(b) the Healing Art means the art of prevention, detecting or attempting to detect the presence of any disease; of determining or attempting to determine the nature and state of any disease, if present; or preventing, relieving, correcting or curing of or attempting to prevent, relieve, correct or cure any disease; of safeguarding or attempting to safeguard the life of any woman or infant through pregnancy and parturition; and of doing or attempting to do any of the acts enumerated in this Subsection. The healing arts include, but are not limited to, optometry, nursing, chiropractic, dentistry, medicine and surgery, physician assistants, podiatry, psychology, osteopathic, pharmacy, physical therapy, acupuncture, speech language pathology, audiology, reparatory therapy, nutritionist/ clinical dietician, cosmetology, and veterinary medicine and naturopathy."
- **Section 4.** A new Subsection (y) is hereby *added* to Section 12101 of Article 1 of Chapter 12 of Division 1 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, to read as follows:
- "(y) Naturopathy means the practice of:
 - (1) Natural medicine, natural therapeutics, and natural procedures, for the purpose of removing toxic conditions from the

body and improving the quality, quantity, harmony, balance, and flow of the vital fluids, vital tissues, and vital energy; and

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(2) Diagnosing, treating, and caring for patients using a system of practice that bases its treatment of physiological functions and abnormal conditions on natural laws governing the physiological, psychological, human body; utilizing mechanical methods, such as air, water, light, sunshine, heat and cold, earth, phytotherapy, physiotherapy, mechano-therapy, naturopathic corrections and manipulation, and natural methods or modalities, together with natural or homeopathic medicines, natural foods, and herbs, and nature's remedies of the type taught in education and training at naturopathic medical colleges. The practice of naturopathy excludes surgery, application of x-rays, and prescribing, dispensing, or using prescription drugs except as provided for in the definition of natural medicine."

Section 5. Severability. If any of the provisions of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any other provision or application of this Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.